

that the evidence cannot be controverted, although any statement doubtless will be denied by those who are attempting to uphold Carranza.

Some Specimen Propaganda.

An exemplification of the sort of propaganda in favor of the rule or ruin of the I. W. W. in which the Mexican revolutionaries are playing a part is a booklet entitled "Conspiracy Against Mexico," which he said had been written by Arthur Thompson, an Australian anarchist. This booklet Mr. Fall said was being distributed from the Mexican Embassy in Washington and from the Consulate-General of Mexico in New York. Excerpts were read as follows:

"Outside of Soviet Russia no country in the world has taken such a step toward real liberty." (Referring to adoption of the present constitution in Mexico.)

"Soviet Russia and also Soviet Hungary are the only countries that have produced constitutions of the people as have the Mexican revolutionaries."

"The cry of Wall Street and its kept press is for intervention by the United States and subsequent annexation to this country."

"One day President Wilson is for a thing and the next day he changes. While the present Administration has not actually intervened by force of arms it has prevented the Carranza Government from carrying out all the reforms of the revolution by its protests and threats to Carranza whenever his Government contemplated putting into effect those reforms."

"Franklin K. Lane and his associates on the American-Mexican Joint Committee attempted to browbeat the Mexicans into yielding the guarantees demanded by the Rockefeller, the Guggenheim, the Debs and the Dohenys."

"The Mexican people will solve their problems if outside Governments keep their hands off. Let it be the business of American labor, of all lovers of freedom and fair play, to keep hands off Mexico. Let the service press howl for intervention, as it will; nothing else can be expected of it."

Asserts Labor Is Exploited.

The booklet also charges that there is an organization of exploiters of Mexican labor and resources, with headquarters in New York, known as the American Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico. The booklet asserted that "bulletins issued by the association are filled with carefully selected articles of misrepresentation, deliberately published for the purpose of inflaming people's minds and educating them to intervention."

In supporting his resolution for a more active defense campaign by American forces on the border Senator Ashurst said:

"My colleague and I, when we entered the Senate on the 13 day of April, 1912, I think it not the first, one of the first official acts on our part was to call at the War Department and urge that a sufficient number of troops be kept on the Mexican border to protect American citizens in the United States. That has been a most discouraging task. It has been impossible to impress the War Department with the idea that American citizens in the United States have been and are now in constant peril from the aggression and raids of outlaws and murderous bandits who assemble freely on the international line, and in hope of booty ride across the line, murder citizens and go back again."

"It has become tiresome for us to visit the War Department to be told the same story, that 'Your request will have consideration' and then see the officials of the War Department motor out to play golf instead of considering the question. Now that it is tiresome to me, I know as well as any man can know the future that unless judgment, courage, prudence and all those things that protect people are employed, there will be a repetition, several repetitions, of the Columbus outrage, and I, for one, want the Senate and the country to know that my colleague and I and the members of the House from Arizona have for eight and one-half years constantly and ineffectually urged and pleaded with the War Department to protect the lives of citizens of the United States."

Calls Attacks Acts of War.

"Surely I do not need to argue to the Senate of the United States that in a case such as this an unlawful act, an unwarranted act of violence, addressed toward a citizen of the United States, is an insult to the Government, because under schemes of government the people do or should constitute the government. So I repeat, an act of outlawry by the national of the United States toward our citizen is an act of war. And do I need to state that all of us who are honest confess that the Mexican question has been most miserably and shamefully handled, or mismanaged? Do I need to say that when all honest men confess it? Let us try then a new course. Let us now begin to protect the rights of American citizens. Let us again begin to say that American citizens in the United States at least, shall be safe from the aggressions of bandits."

"There is no regret so keen, or so poignant, that can come to a public official as to reward, by his inaction, the people who do or should constitute the government. So I repeat, an act of outlawry by the national of the United States toward our citizen is an act of war. And do I need to state that all of us who are honest confess that the Mexican question has been most miserably and shamefully handled, or mismanaged? Do I need to say that when all honest men confess it? Let us try then a new course. Let us now begin to protect the rights of American citizens. Let us again begin to say that American citizens in the United States at least, shall be safe from the aggressions of bandits."

Carranza May Delay Reply.

It is evident here that a reply from Mexico on the Jenkins case will not be looked for for some time, and the hurry shown in reporting an investigation in the Wallace case is taken as an indication that Carranza may be getting ready to take steps to appease the United States, and it is considered likely that his clique of anti-American advisers will be quieted temporarily by those Mexicans who realize that a rupture would be likely to mean the downfall of the Carranza Government.

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It's a habit among New Yorkers to take a few days off at this season of the year at the **ROTEL TRAYMORE** ATLANTIC CITY. World's Greatest Winter Resort. Social life and gaieties. Sunshine and sea air. Endless amusement. Splendid golf. Companionable companions. World's best chef. Mr. and Mrs. Paul de Cardo conduct the dancing in the world-famous Submarine Grill. Make reservations in advance.

H. T. Bookler, Office, 411 Times Bldg., Tel. Bryant 9223.



laid the facts before the War Department with tireless repetition; that I believe not only are the citizens along the border in my own State, but in other sections along that long line of 1,400 miles in constant peril from the outlaws, who I have reason to believe are assembling now with a view of procuring booty because the past history of the War Department is that they may with impunity and with lawless disregard of life and our national rights violate our borders, and all that will be done will be that they will be slapped on the wrist.

Cites the Party Platform.

"Before I conclude let me say something for the benefit of Democratic Senators. The Democratic platform, which is my guide, my pole star, my party's platform in 1912, the Democratic platform said this:

"The Constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on our borders and go with them throughout the world; and every American citizen residing on having property in a foreign country is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States Government both for himself and his property."

"The Senator from Arizona has made a very forceful statement of the conditions existing between the United States and the Republic of Mexico for the last few years. He has a great deal more in store. He has a great deal more in store. He has a great deal more in store. He has a great deal more in store."

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common offences and misdemeanors, forbidden and punished by the laws, they shall be tried in accordance with their provisions; but, for strictly official offences or for merely improper and irregular behavior for whatever cause, the Government shall withdraw the respective Government the reason for such action."

MEXICAN CONSULS DENY FALL'S CHARGE

Assert They Circulate No Bolsheviki Propaganda.

Ramon P. de Negri, Consul-General for Mexico in this city, after reading the statement of Senator Fall (N. M.) in the Senate yesterday, issued this statement:

"The statements made by Senator Fall of New Mexico this morning in the Senate, according to the press, have greatly surprised me. Undoubtedly an official of the rank of the stated Senator, while making such statements, will be willing to prove their truthfulness, if required to do so."

"I hereby emphatically deny that this office of my charge ever has or at the present time is engaged in distributing any Bolsheviki propaganda. The motto of President Carranza and of all the officials of his administration who have been honored with diplomatic or consular posts in the United States and in other countries of the world, has been the most absolute respect toward all the foreign countries and their respective Governments. Our continuous efforts in this nation have been to urge citizens of Mexico, residing within our jurisdictions, to comply most carefully with the laws and regulations of the United States."

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—J. Garza Zertuche, Mexican Consul-General here, denied unequivocally to-day that he was "a propagandist for anything but amicable relations between the United States and Mexico."

"The commercial interests of Nogales, Arizona, Los Angeles and San Francisco will bear testimony to the fact that my efforts have been directed toward harmonizing relations between the two countries," Mr. Zertuche said. "In common with other Mexican officials, I had occasion to compose what promised to be a very serious breach between the two countries, as a result of the exchange of shots across the border at Nogales on August 27. I did all I possibly could to avoid a break. Had I been of Bolsheviki tendencies it would have been a good opportunity to do otherwise. Senator Fall's charge is utterly unfounded both as it concerns me and my predecessor, Ramon P. de Negri."

FRENCH WATCHING MEXICO.

De la Barra Says Intervention Would Not End Trouble.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—French newspapers, commenting on the possibility of military action by the United States in Mexico, point out that French investors have about \$50,000,000 in Mexican enterprises which are not paying dividends.

Francisco de la Barra, former provisional President of the Mexican Republic, expressed the view to-day that armed action by the United States would be a great misfortune both to that country and to Mexico.

"Military intervention would delay the settlement of the fundamental Mexican problems, including proper distribution of the land, orderly self-government and public instruction," said Senor de la Barra.

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Relations With U. S. Declared to Be "Very Delicate."

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 3 (delayed).—The solution of difficulties arising out of international affairs with the United States was entrusted to President Carranza without legislative intrusion by the Senate at a secret session held to-day.

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KILL ALL CARRANZA MEN, VILLA ORDER

Continued from First Page.

lie for the execution of Castro was Salvador Quevedo.

Villa is planning a new campaign in Chihuahua and Durango shortly, and accordingly the Federal garrisons in these two States have been reinforced, according to reports.

Shipment of modern rifles and of machine guns are reaching the rebel forces in Mexico, according to reports that reached the border to-day. After a band of insurgents had been routed near Toluca, Puebla, recently the rebels left behind a small cannon and two machine guns, all three of modern type and presumably sent from the United States.

Both Carranza and Villa, Federal commander of operations in Puebla, has made a report of the matter to the Mexican Secretariat of War, according to the advice received here.

BEATEN UP BY MEXICANS.

Discharged U. S. Soldier Arrives With Broken Bones.

CALIFORNIA, Dec. 3.—W. K. Milton, 24, discharged American soldier, was brought across the border from Mexico to-day suffering from broken bones, deep cuts and bruises, the result, he said, of human treatment at the hands of the Mexican authorities.

American Consul Boyle at Mexico announced he would report the case to the State Department at Washington.

THEATRE MANAGER CHALLENGES TO DUEL

Seconds Chosen in Paris in Critic's Behalf.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The theatrical world is stirred by the prospect of a duel between Alphonse Franck, manager of the Gymnase Theatre, and Ernest Charles, a dramatic critic.

Franck objected to an article written by Charles and despatched to him as his seconds, Joseph Renaud, author and distinguished swordsman, and M. Fontanes, manager of the Chatelet Theatre. Charles selected two authors to represent him, Henry Klatsenmackers and Paul Marguerite.

Both Franck and Charles profess to be in deadly earnest and assert that the duel will not be a stage scene.

CHINA MAKES STIFF DEMANDS ON JAPAN

Indemnities, Punishment and Apology for Fuchow Riots.

By the Associated Press.

TOKYO, Monday, Dec. 1 (delayed).—The Foreign Ministry has presented a note to the Japanese Legation dealing with the recent disturbances at Fuchow and making the following demands:

First, the removal of the Japanese Consul at Fuchow; second, the payment of an indemnity for the loss of Chinese lives at Fuchow as a result of Japanese attacks and also the payment of medical expenses incurred by the Chinese wounded; third, adequate punishment of the Japanese ringleaders responsible for the attacks on the Chinese; fourth, that the Japanese Consul at Fuchow make an apology to the Chinese authorities of that city.

The Japanese reply has not yet been received.

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SIR LOIN

When James I. was being banquetted at Houghton Tower "a noble sirloin" of beef at the lower end of the table attracted his eye.

"Bring hither that sirloin," cried the King, "for 'tis worthy a more honorable post, being, I say, not sirloin but Sir Loin, the noblest joint of all."

Roast sirloin of beef, as tender and juicy as ever graced a king's table, is a specialty at CHILDS.

Served with fluffy mashed potatoes and rich, brown gravy.

CHILD'S

PEDDLES RARE GEMS OF RUSSIAN NOBLES

Son of Toronto Instructor Sells on 25 P. C. Basis.

TORONTO, Dec. 3.—Peddling jewels of Russian nobles on a 25 per cent. basis is a new business enterprise upon which Eric de Sherbinin, son of a Russian instructor at the University of Toronto, has embarked. He is now said to be on his way to New York from Sweden with what are alleged to be rare gems worth millions of dollars, some world famous, which were given into his care by nobles of old Russia who had taken refuge in Scandinavia.

This information was given in court here to-day by his counsel in obtaining a reopening of proceedings pending between De Sherbinin and the Philadelphia Mining and Development Syndicate and A. E. Freeman, involving counter claims totalling approximately \$75,000.

De Sherbinin, who claims to be "the great-grandson of an Archduke, brother of a former Czar of Russia," claimed also to have cleaned up \$1,000,000 in handling Russia's purchase of munitions in New York in the early stages of the war.

"PUSSYFOOT" FAVORS CHARITY

Johnson Wants Testimonial Fund Given to Home for Blind.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—William E. (Pussyfoot) Johnson, the American anti-saloon organizer, for whom the Evening News opened a testimonial because of injuries received in a recent "ragging" by students, has written to the paper asking that the money thus raised be sent to St. Dunstan's Home for the Blind.

Mr. Johnson, whose eye was removed a few days ago, is progressing satisfactorily and will leave the nursing home to-morrow.

PALMER TO BE ASKED FOR DRY VOTE RULING

Ohio's Referendum May Require New Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Attorney-General Palmer will be asked for an opinion as to whether a new proclamation declaring the constitutional prohibition amendment adopted will have to be issued as a result of the defeat of the amendment in Ohio, Secretary Lansing said to-day. A statement from the Secretary of State of Ohio informing the State Department of the recall of the action of the Legislature in approving the amendment has been received at the Department.

Some Government officials hold that even should it be necessary to issue a new proclamation, the date of the coming into effect of the amendment would not be changed, as more than 26 States had approved the amendment on last January 16, the date on which the thirty-sixth approval was registered.

Validity of the wartime prohibition act was defended in briefs filed in the Supreme Court to-day by the Government in connection with its appeals from Federal Court decrees in Baltimore and New Orleans dismissing indictments against brewers for manufacturing beer containing 2.75 per cent. of alcohol. The Government contended it was unnecessary for a court to determine the intoxicating character of beer, but that it was the intent of Congress to fix the percentage of alcohol at 4 1/2 per cent. and to prohibit the manufacture of all beer containing more than that amount.

INITIATIVE ON 2.75 ASKED.

Petition With 20,000 Signatures Is Filed in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—An initiative petition bearing more than 20,000 signatures and embodying a bill to govern the sale of "certain non-intoxicating beverages" containing not less than one-half of 1 per cent. and not more than 2 1/2 per cent. of alcohol was filed at the State House to-day.

Two classes of licenses are specified, depending upon whether the beverages are to be consumed on or off the premises. A license fee of not less than \$250 and a bond for \$500 would be required under the bill.

PERUVIAN CABINET RESIGNS.

Quits in a Body, State Department Is Advised.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Peruvian Cabinet has resigned in a body, the State Department was advised to-day. The dispatch gave no details.

FRANCE DENIES PROFITTEERING